

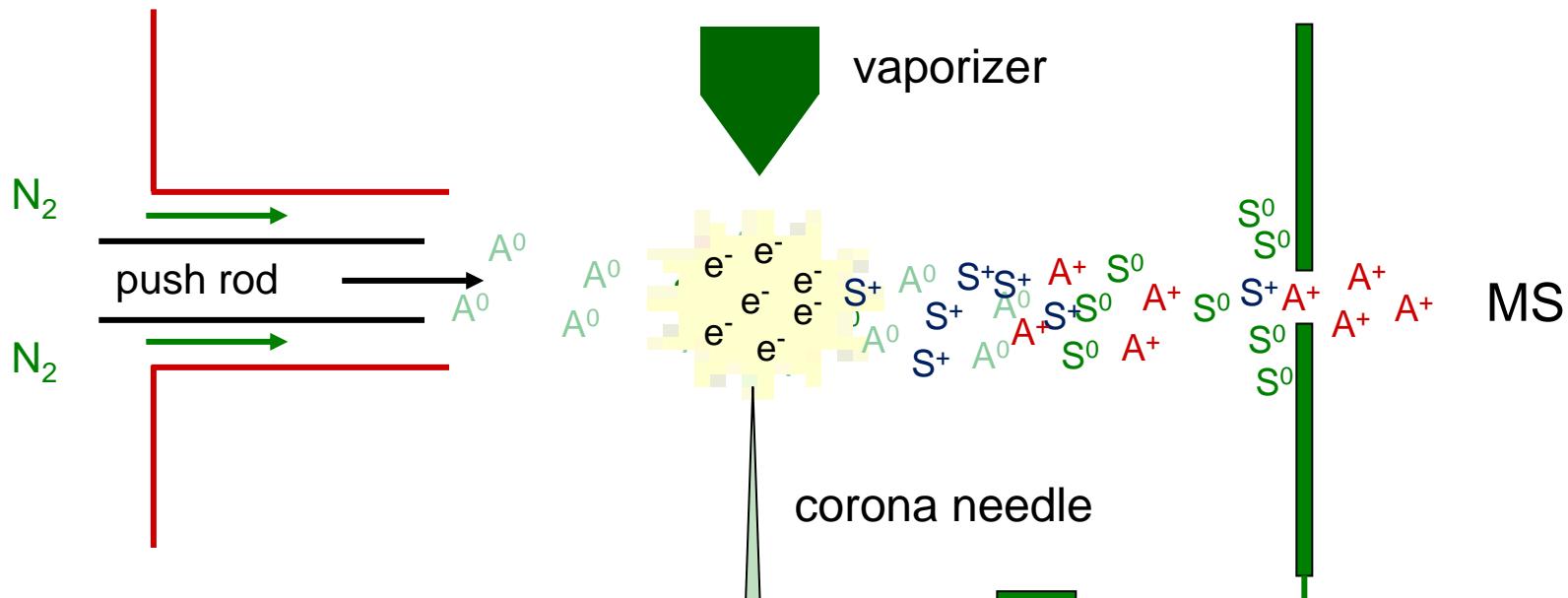
DIP for LC/MS with APCI Source

Available for all Agilent LC/MS

- 6100 SQ
- 6400 QQQ
- 6200 TOF
- 6500 Q-TOF



Principle: DIP-APCI



- S^0 neutral water molecules
- S^+ charged water clusters
- A^0 neutral analytes
- A^+ charged analytes

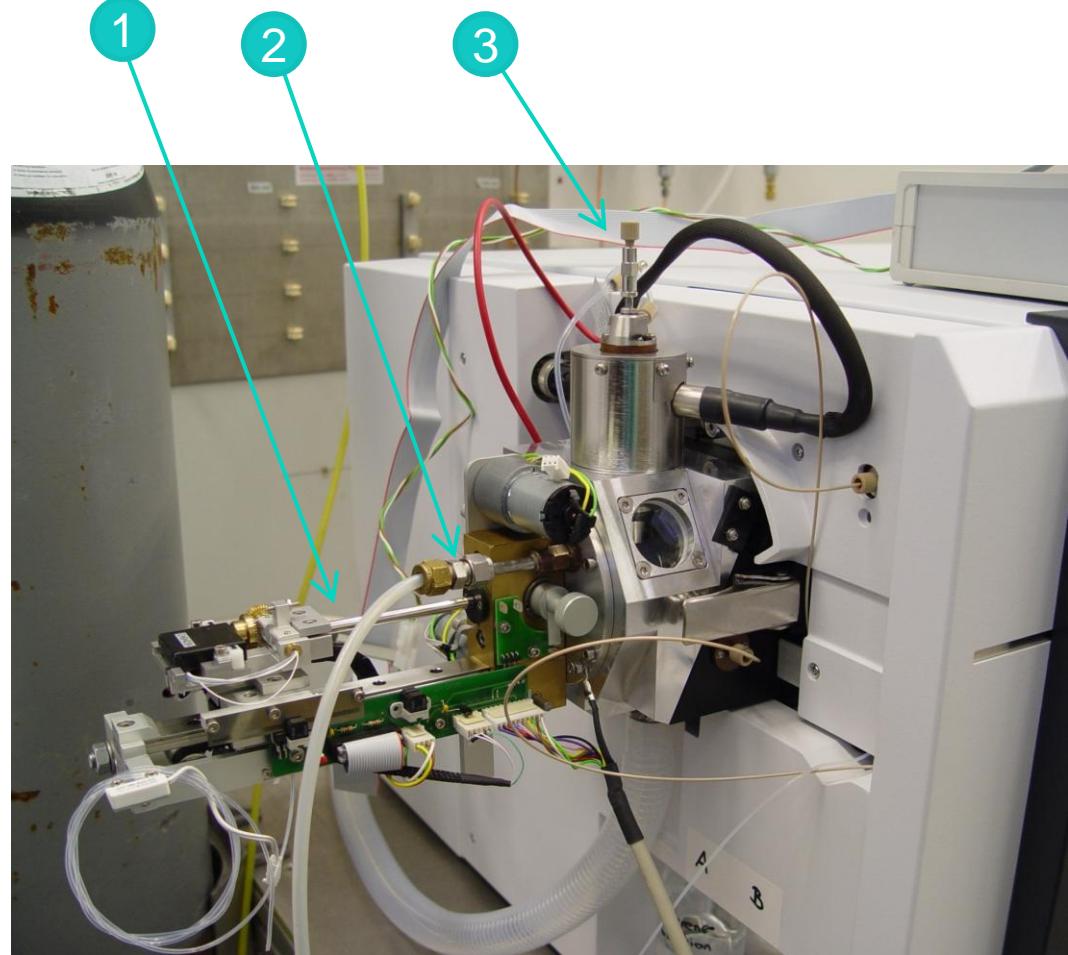
- neutral molecules in the gas phase (water and analytes)
- chemical ionization of the analytes by nitrogen, water and corona discharge
- transfer of the charged analytes into the MS

Modified APCI Source

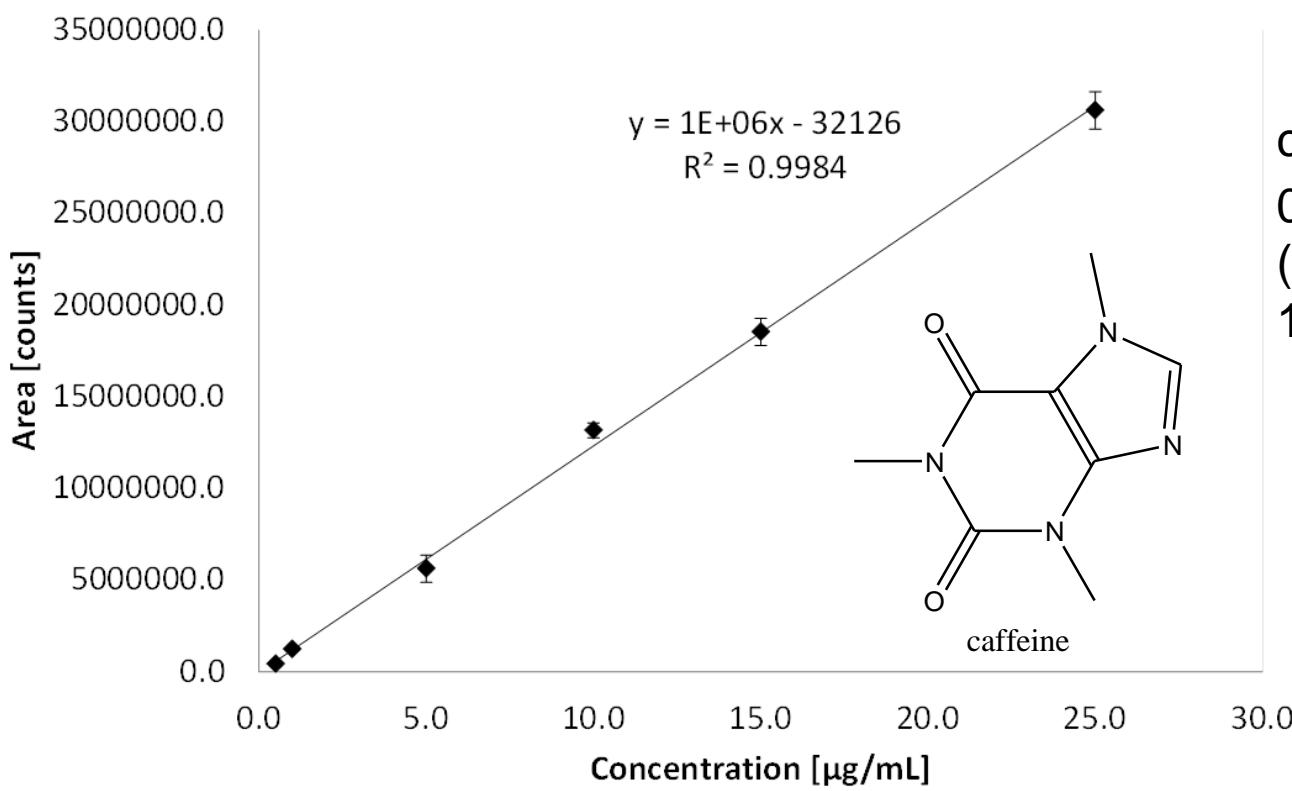
(1) Push rod
to insert the sample
temperature controlled

(2) Purge gas: 6L/min
- nitrogen APCI(+)
- synthetic air APCI (-)

(3) Vaporizer



Linearity: Caffeine



caffeine solutions:
0.5-25 µg/mL in CH₂Cl₂
(liquid sampling:
1 µL into the probe tip)



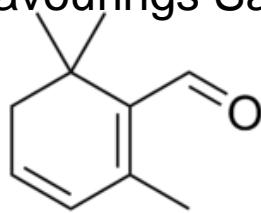
$C_8H_{10}N_4O_2$
M: 194.0804
[M+H]⁺: 195.0877
 $M^\circ{}^+$: 194.0798

Quality control with DIP-APCI: Food products

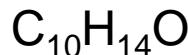
Saffron

- Saffron is a spice derived from the flower of *Crocus sativus*, commonly known as the saffron crocus.
- Due to the high price of saffron often wrong saffron is offered on the market.

Flavourings Safranal and Isophorone:

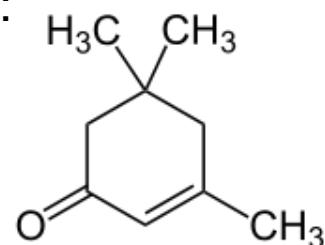


Safranal

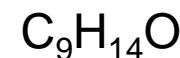


$[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 151.1117

$[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 139.1117



Isophorone

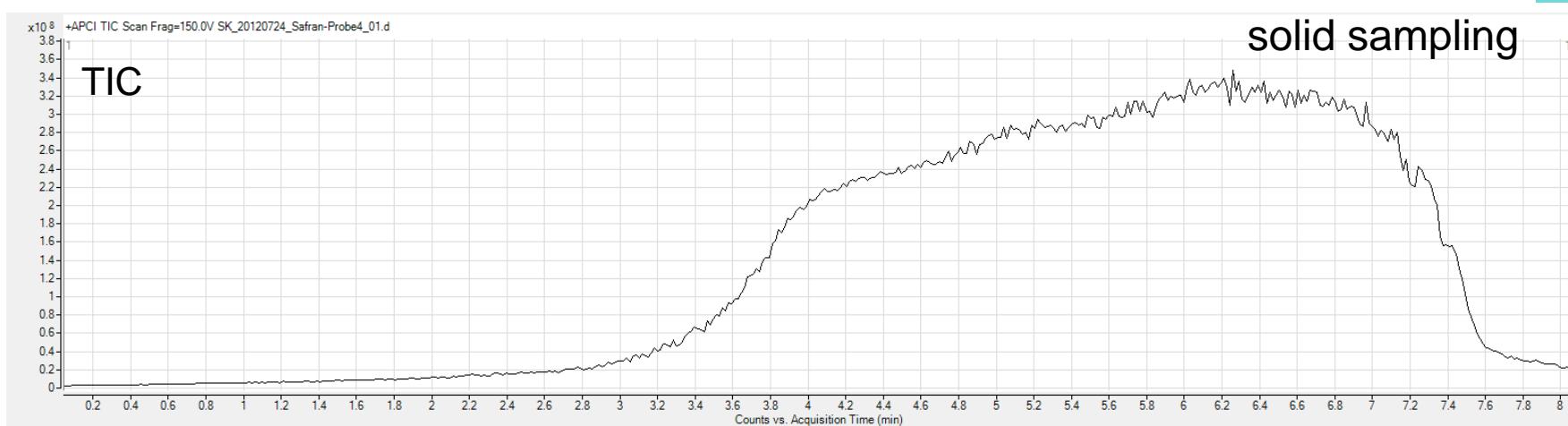


(<http://www.saffron.biz/images/ghand.jpg>)

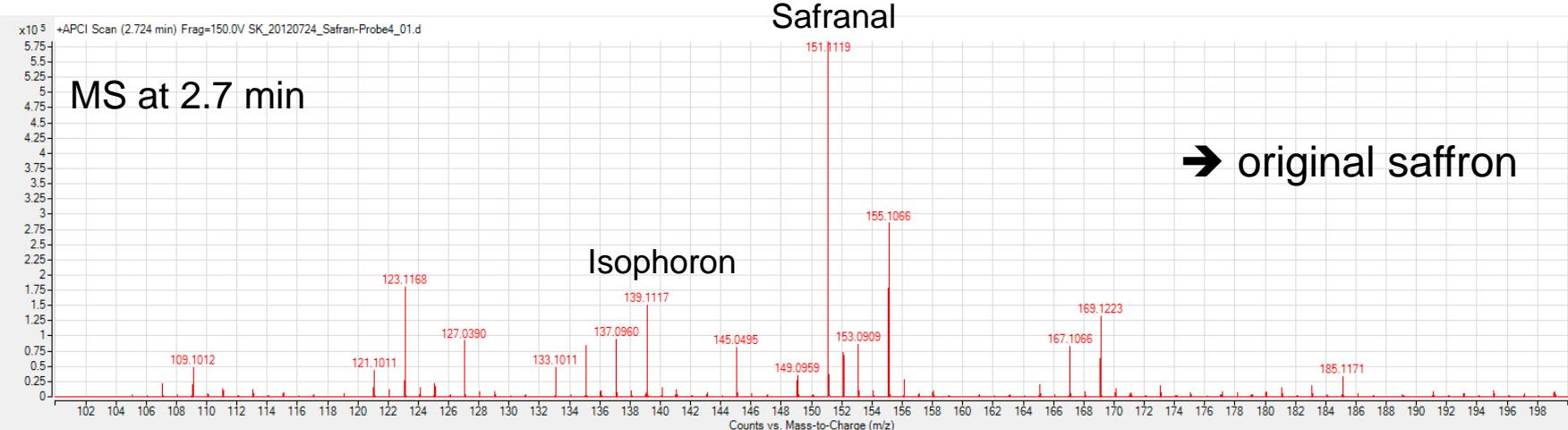
Adulteration of saffron:

Multiple distortions; frequent adulteration with safflower

Saffron from the company „Fuchs“

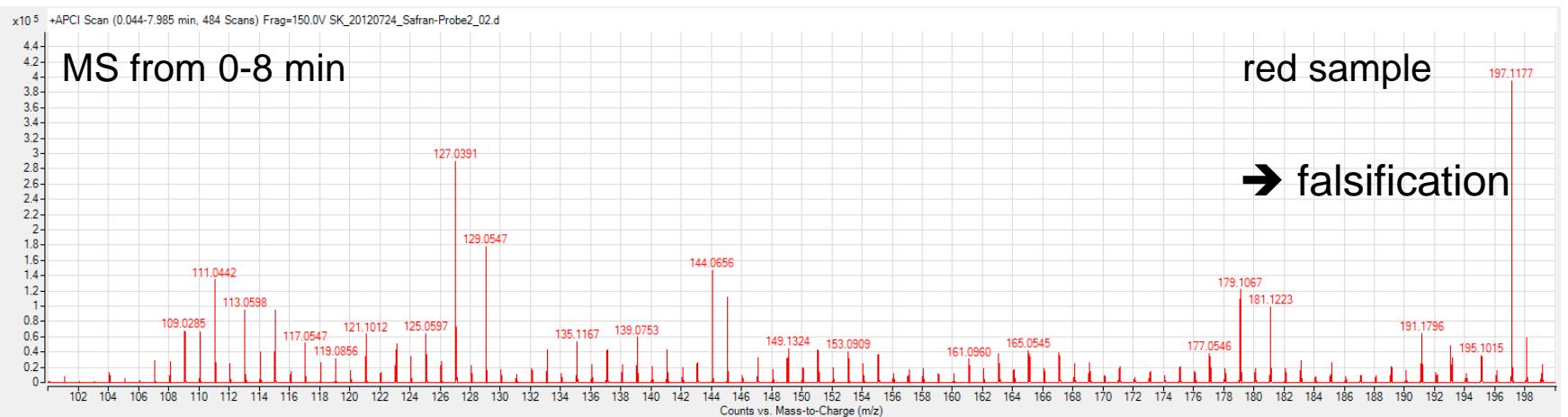
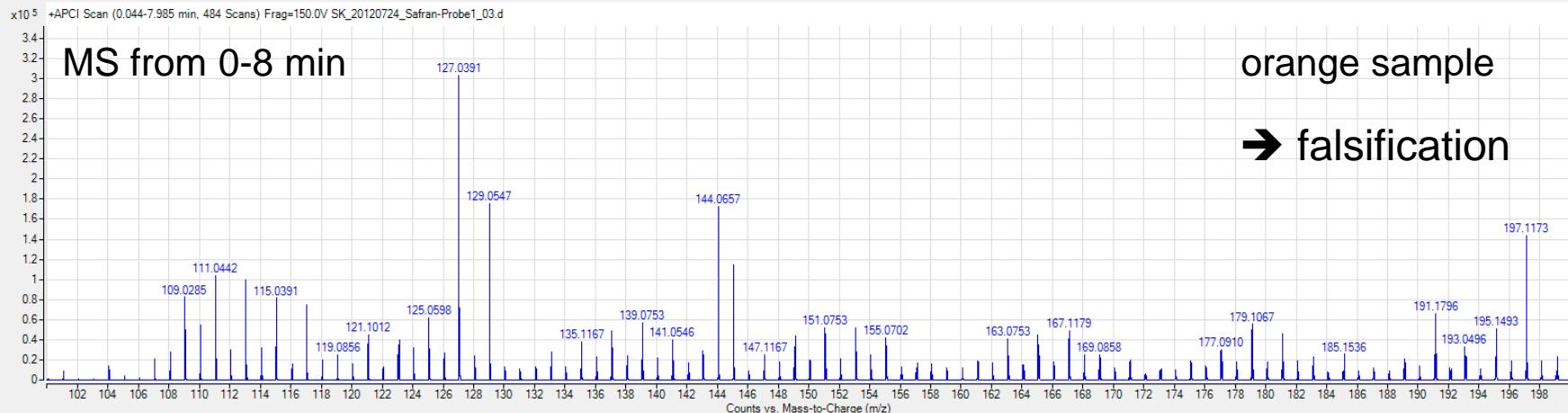


solid sampling

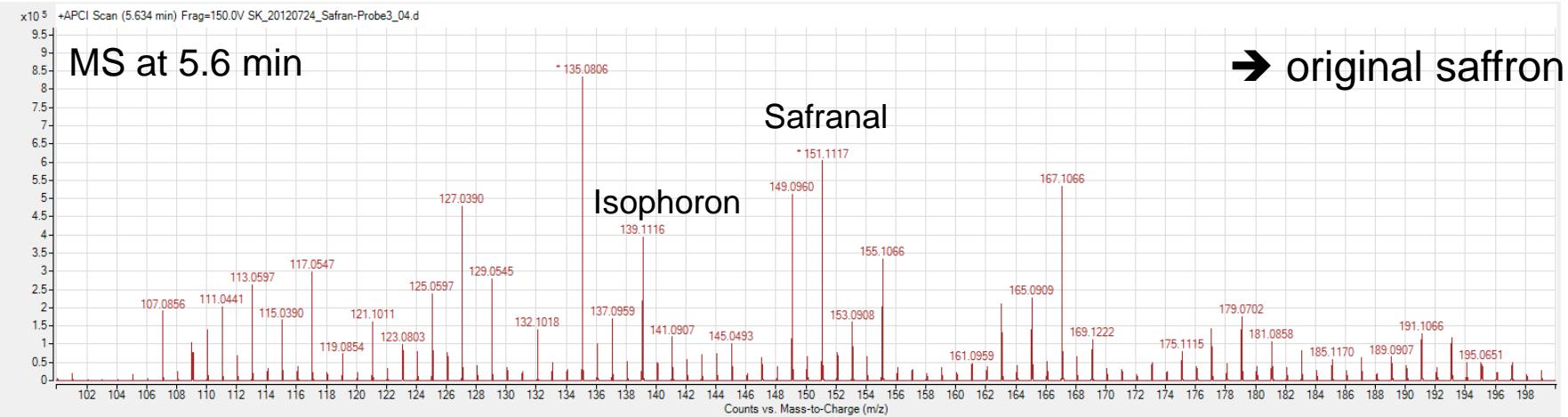
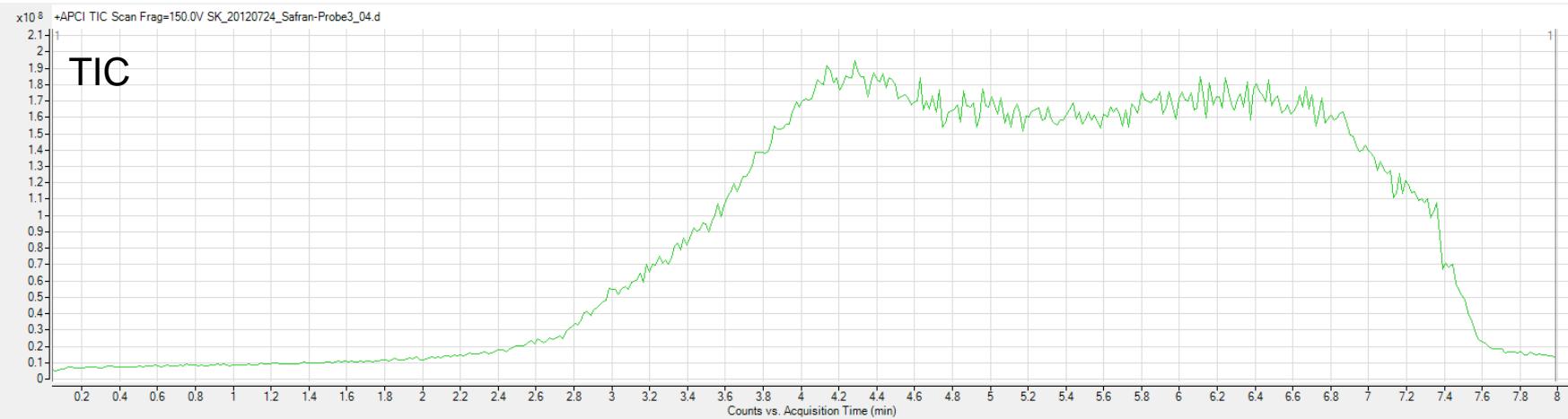


→ original saffron

Saffron Samples from Egypt



Saffron from a Chinese Supermarket

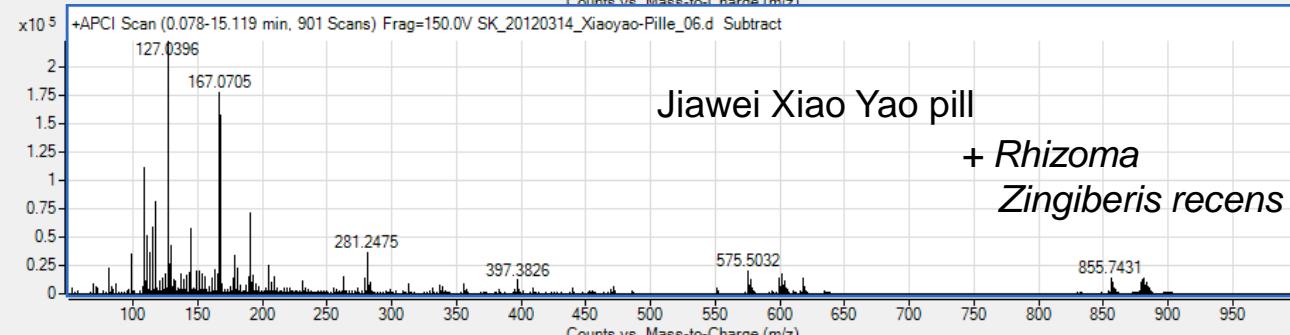
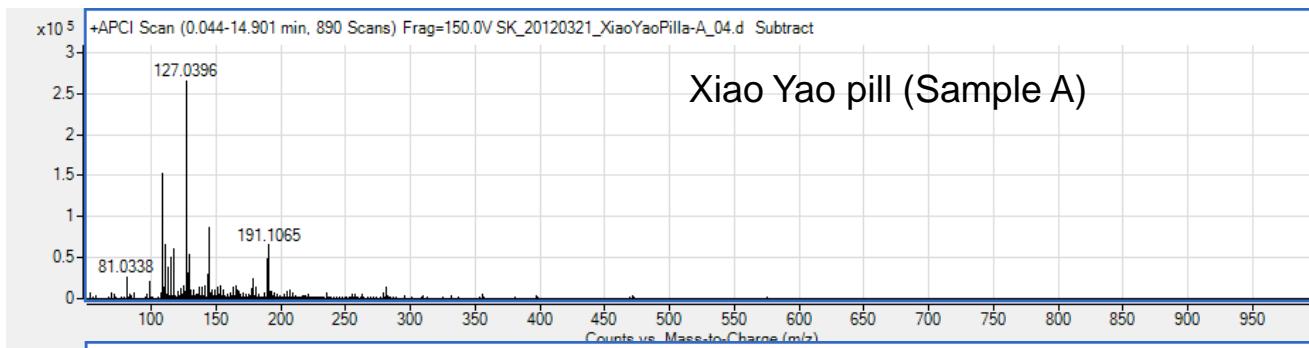
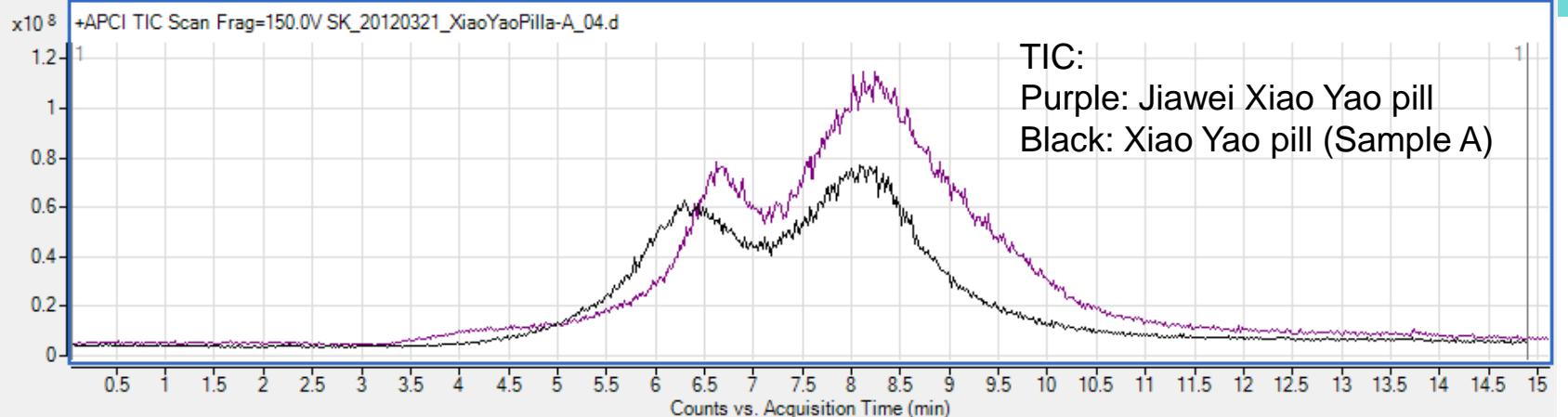


Quality Control in China: TCM Traditional Chinese Medicine

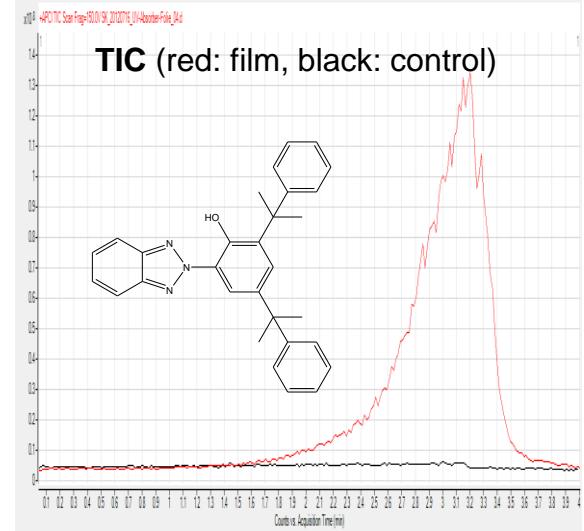
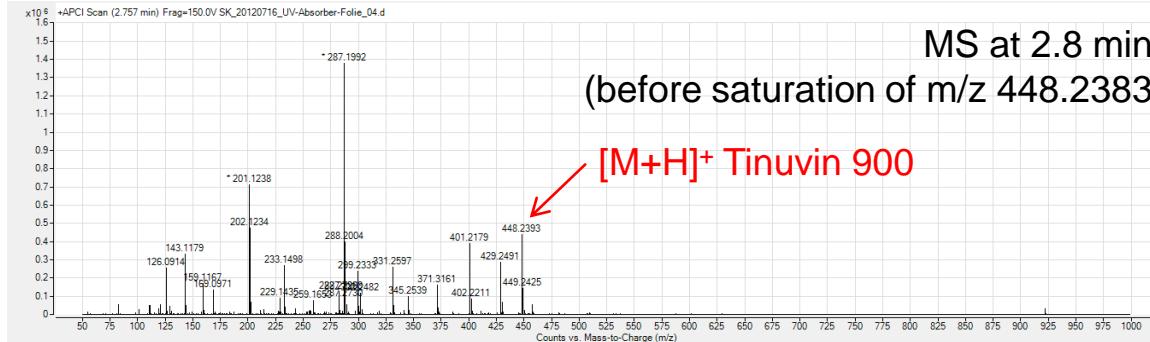
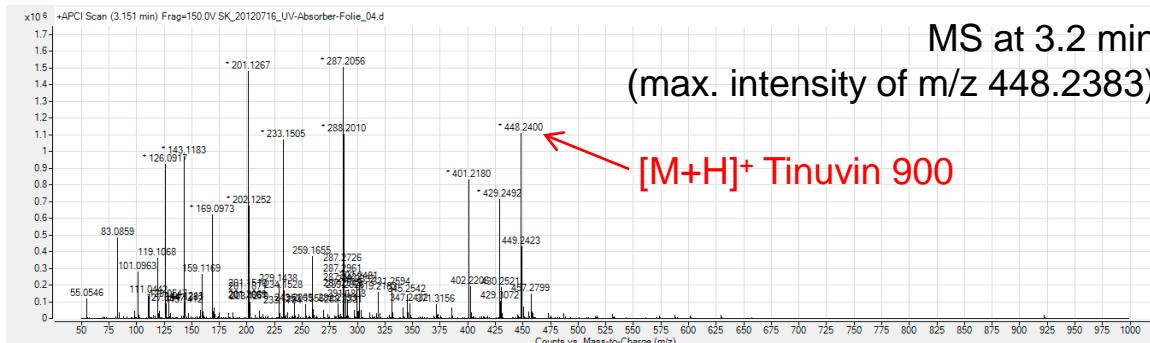
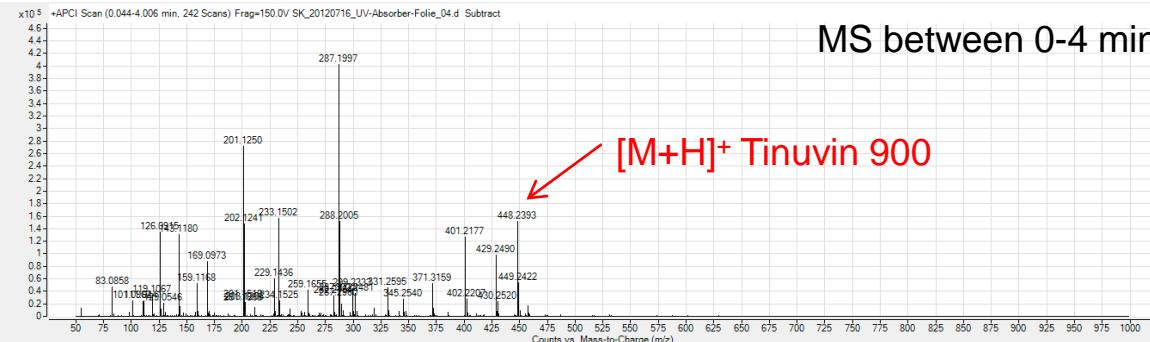


→ quality control based on the pharmacist's experiences

Quality Control of TCM using DIP-APCI



DIP-APCI: UV Absorber in Film



Tinuvin 900: C₃₀H₂₉N₃O
[M+H]⁺: 448.2383 (b.p.: 383 °C)

→ detection of the UV absorber is possible within 4 min without sample preparation

DIP-APCI: Fields of Application



- quality control of industrial products (pharmacy, cosmetics, food, etc.)
- environmental analysis (dust, carbon black, deposits, soils, etc.)
- polymer analysis
- analysis of the smallest quantities of samples (solid and liquid biogenic samples)
- direct analysis of samples containing sugar below 150 °C
- recording of temperature profiles